RTU

Roll No.

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B.Tech. VI Semester (Main) Examination, May - June 2015 Electronics And Communication Engg. 6EC1A Microwave Engg. - II

6E6051

Time : 3 Hours

Maximum Marks : 80 Min. Passing Marks : 24

Instructions to Candidates:

Attempt any five questions, selecting one question from each unit. All questions carry equal marks. (Schematic diagrams must be shown wherever necessary. Any data you feel missing suitably be assumed and stated clearly. Units of quantities used/calculated must be stated clearly.

Use of following supporting material is permitted during examination. 1. Smith Chart

Unit - I

- 1. a) Discuss the printed inductors and capacitor.
 - b) Match a load impedance of $Z_L = 100+j 80$ to a 50 Ω line using a single series open-circuit stub, Assuming that the load is matched at 2GHz, And that the load consists of a resistor and inductor in series, plot the reflection coefficient magnitude from 1GHz to 3 GHz. (10)

OR

- 1. a) Explain single section quaster-wave transformer.
 - b) A load impedance $Z_L = 200+j160\Omega$ is to be matched to a 100 Ω line using a single shunt-stub tuner. Find two solutions using open circuited stubs. (10)

Unit - II

- a) Explain with suitable sketch the construction, working and application of a varactor diode.
 (8)
 - b) A low-level point contact detector diode has $R_j=2$ ohms, $R_s=5$ ohms and $C_i = 0.5$ pf. Calculate the power loss in dB for operation at 5 GHz. (8)

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OR Grandiade	(8)
 a) Explain the Gunn effect and principle of operation of Gunn diode. b) An IMPATT diode with nominal frequency 10GHz, has C_j=0.5pf, Lp c) 2 nF at breakdown bias of 80v and bias current 80mA. 	=0.5nH The RF
and $Cp = 0.3$ pF at ordered at $R_1 = -2$ ohm. Find	
i) The resonant frequency of oscillation.	(8)
 ii) The efficiency. Unit - III Explain the geometry of silicon bipolar transistor and microwave e 	equivalent (8)
 a) Expansion circuit with its characteristics. b) A Si microwave transistor has reactance of 1 ohm, transit time cut-off of 4GHz, maximum E - field 1.6×10⁵ v/m and saturation drift veloc of 4GHz, maximum the maximum allowable power. 	Strequency city 4×10^5 (8)
OR in it signal equivalen	t circuit of
E makin the principles of operation and small signal of	(8)
3. a) Explain the proof MESFET. MESFET.	r. (8)
b) Derive the expression for data Unit - IV	for reflex
Describe the mechanism of operation and modes of oserial	(8)
 4. a) Describe the mean klystron. b) A reflex klystron is operated at 9GHz with a dc beam voltage of mode, repeller space length of 1 mm, and dc beam current or beam coupling coefficient is assumed to be 1. Calculate the repetition of a finite space of the spa	f 600v for 1 ^{3/4} f 10mA. The peller voltage (8)
electronic enterency and OR	tions of cavity
(to a) Explain the resonant mode, Operation and mechanism of oscilla	(8)
4. a) magnetron. magnetron.	parameters.
b) A pulsed cylindrical $v = 25kV$ Anode Voltage = $25kV$	
Calculate:	
 a) The angular frequency b) The cutoff voltage 	(2+3+3=8)
c) the cutoff magnetic flux density	
(8)	$(a_{1}) \neq b \in \{d\}$

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3) paper	5.	a)	Discuss the basic schematic and mechanism of operation of two cavity klystron (8)
H		b)	A two - cavity klystron amplifier is operated with a beam voltage of 3kV of the coupling coefficient is 0.9 and the magnitude of the signal voltage at the input cavity gap is 100v, find the velocities of the electrons leaving the input gap. (8)
8)			OR
	5.	a)	Draw the basic schematic of helix type TWT tube and explain its operation.(8)
nt 8)		b)	A helix travelling-wave tube operates at 4 GHz under a beam voltage of 10kV and beam current of 500mA. If the helix impedance is 25 ohms and the
cy			interaction length is 20cm. find the output power gain in dB. (6)
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